

# CORE COMPETENCIES REFERENCE MANUAL FOR RADIOGRAPHY TECHNOLOGISTS TO PRACTISE IN ZAMBIA

**CORE COMPETENCIES & MINIMUM STANDARDS** 

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

QUALIFICATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES	3
1.0 INTRODUCTION	2
2.0 EXIT EXAMINATIONS AND AWARD OF THE DIPLOMA IN RADIOGRAPHY TECHNOLOGY BY TRAINING INSTITUTIONS	4
3.0 LICENSURE EXAMINATIONS BY THE HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA	5
4.0 COMPETENCE OUTCOME GUIDELINES	6
5.0 CORE COMPETENCIES: DIPLOMA RADIOGRAPHY TECHNOLOGY	8
6.0 BLUEPRINT WEIGHTING.	12
7.0 CORE PROCEDURES	15
8.0 REFERENCE MATERIALS	16

### QUALIFICATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

Title of the programe: Diploma in Diagnostic Radiography (Dip Rad) or equivalent.

Key accountability for the job: Provide quality imaging services in health care facilities

Primary roles and responsibilities:

- o Knowledge of the basic and clinical sciences relevant to the practice of radiography
- o Competence in clinical skills and patients care
- o Professionalism and ethical practice
- o Monitoring and evaluation
- Infection prevention
- Quality assurance
- o Specialized radiographic examination
- Patient care

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Health Professions Council of Zambia (HPCZ) is a statutory body that was established by the Health Professions Act No. 24 of 2009. The Act renames and continues the existence of the Medical Council of Zambia established by the Medical and Allied Professions Act of 1977. The Health Professions Act No. 24 provides for the registration of health practitioner and regulation of their professional conduct; provides for the licensing of health facilities and the accreditation of health care services provided by health facilities; and provides for the recognition and approval of training programmes for health practitioners.

Following the issuance of the guidelines for introduction of licensing examinations for health professionals to be registered with the Health Professions Council of Zambia, this bulletin provides an outline of the core competencies and minimum standards for registrants who have completed the Diploma in Diagnostic Radiography (Dip Rad) or its equivalent seeking registration as Diagnostic Radiography Technologists in Zambia.

A radiography technologist is a health care practitioner trained at diploma level who is responsible for the application of ionizing &/or non-ionizing radiation for the purpose of visualizing and recording anatomical and physiological images (ISRRT 2004).

# 2.0 EXIT EXAMINATIONS AND AWARD OF THE DEGREE BSc DIAGNOSTIC RADIOGRAPHY

Training institutions, private or public(local and foreign) approved /recognised by the Health Professions Council of Zambia are mandated to examine and graduate their students under their own seal and authority as prescribed by the HPCZ act number 24 of 2009. The holder of the Diploma in Diagnostic Radiography (Dip Rad) or equivalent will be required to take and pass the HPCZ licensing examination to qualify for registration with the Council as a Diagnostic Radiography Technologist.

# 3.0 LICENSURE EXAMINATIONS BY THE HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA

A person shall not practise as a health practitioner, unless that person is registered as a health practitioner in accordance with the Health Professions Act No. 24 of 2009. In the exercise of its functions under this Act, the 2<sup>nd</sup> and the 3<sup>rd</sup> Council of the Health Professions Council of Zambia instituted Licensure Examinations to help maintain standards given the emergence of multiple private and public training institutions.

This Bulletin provides on the Core Competencies and Minimum Standards for the Licensing Examinations for Diagnostic Radiography Technologist to Work in Zambia binds all parties

regulated under this Act. Examination fees for licensure examinations, as prescribed by the Council, are payable to the Health Professions Council of Zambia as part of the eligibility to sit for licensing examinations.

The HPCZ Licensing Examination assesses a Diagnostic Radiography Technologists ability to apply knowledge, concepts, and principles, and to demonstrate fundamental patient-centred skills, that are important in health and disease and that constitute the basis for safe and effective patient care. The HPCZ Licensing Examination includes, but is not limited to, theoretical and clinical examinations which complement each other as prescribed in the curriculum for which this programme was approved. No component is a stand-alone in the assessment of readiness for practice as Diagnostic Radiography Technologist in Zambia.

The candidate will be assessed under three domains, namely:-

- 1. Knowledge
- 2. Skills
- 3. Attitude

The above domains will be assessed by means of a theory exam comprising of multiple choice questions followed by a composite objective structured clinical examination (OSCE) and practical.

The main subject areas assessed under all the three learning domains for Diagnostic Radiography Technologist in Zambia are:

:

- 1. Patient care and Interpersonal effectiveness
- 2. Physics of Radiography
- 3. Human anatomy and physiology
- 4. Basic Imaging techniques
- 5. Specialised Imaging techniques such as Barium meal and IVU, etc.

The overall expected outcome of the Diagnostic Radiography Technologist Licensure examination is to ensure that the candidate will meet the minimum standards for the role as a Diagnostic radiography Technologist.

#### 4.0 COMPETENCE OUTCOME GUIDELINES

The curriculum must have identified attributes in each educational domain (knowledge, skills and attitude) and present them to guide student learning and assessment by examiners. HPCZ directs Diagnostic Radiographers to be compassionate and empathetic in caring for patients and to be trustworthy and truthful in all their professional dealings. Diagnostic Radiographers have a responsibility to respect and provide care that is up to standard for the lives and health that are entrusted by patients.

#### **Overall Outcomes**

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

- Care of the patient is the first concern.
- Provision of a good standard of practice and care by keeping professional knowledge and skills up to date while recognizing the limits of one's competence.

#### Safety and Quality

- Prompt action if patient safety, dignity or comfort is compromised.
- Protect and promote the health of patients and the public.

#### Communication, Partnership, and Teamwork

- Uphold the respect of patient's autonomy and dignity.
- Uphold informed consent and confidentiality.
- Work with colleagues in ways that best serve the patient's interests.
- Work with honesty, integrity and fairness.

#### **Maintaining Trust**

- Work with honesty, openness and integrity.
- Uphold fairness with patients or colleagues.
- Safeguard the patient's and public's trust in the practitioner and the profession never abuse the trust.

#### Management

- Demonstrate awareness and perform administrative duties and roles, and exhibit managerial skills
- Take up entrepreneurship challenges to complement public health services in the country.

5.0 CORE COMPETENCE: DIAGNOSTIC RADIOGRAPHY TECHNOLOGIST

DOMAIN: SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE		
Competence	Competence Statement	Sub-Competences
Radiobiology, radiation	Demonstrates understanding and application of radiobiology,	Explains the radiation effect at the molecular and cellular level
protection and radiation physics	radiation protection and radiation physics to the Practice of the	Describes the effect of radiation on human tissue
		Applies principles of physics to radiography practice
		Applies the radiation protection principles to clinical practice
		Describes the construction and operation of Imaging units and equipment
		Discusses the radioactivity, x-ray production and interactions of radiation with matter
		Participates in radiography quality assurance programs

DOMAIN: SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE		
Competence	Competence Statement	Sub-Competences
Radiography techniques and rationale to the	Demonstrates understanding and application of radiography techniques and rationale to the	Explains normal human body structure and function
practice of the profession	1	Identifies anatomical structures from radiographic images
		Explains the radiographic techniques employed in the diagnosis of medical conditions
		Explains the clinical reasoning underpinning decision making in medical imaging

DOMAIN: SKILLS AND PERFOMANCE		
Competence	Competence Statement	Sub-Competencies
Plain film and contrast aided studies  Performs plain film and contrast aided studies	Performs plain film and contrast aided studies according to protocol	
	Analyses and interprets medical imaging requests	
	Prepares room and equipment for imaging procedures	
	Selects appropriate equipment	
	Obtains images of diagnostic value	
	<b>Evaluates images for quality</b>	
	Operates x-ray imaging and accessory equipment safely	
	Identifies contraindications for procedures	

DOMAIN: SKILLS AND PERFOMANCE		
Competence	Competence Statement	Sub-Competences
Ultrasound	Perform limited ultrasound procedures	Analyses and interprets ultrasound requests
	Performs obstetric ultrasound under supervision	

Performs gynaecological ultrasound under supervision
Performs general abdominal ultrasound under supervision
Prepares patients and equipment for procedure
Identifies contraindications for procedures
Takes care of equipment

DOMAIN: SKILLS AND PERFOMANCE		
Competence	Competence Statement	Sub-Competences
Patient care	Provide psychological and physical care to patients	Applies principles of multidisciplinary approach to patient management  Prepares patients for imaging procedures  Provides physical care to patient requiring imaging services  Assesses the psychosocial requirements for patients accessing imaging services  Manages interpersonal relationships and departmental work cooperation

DOMAIN: SI	DOMAIN: SKILLS AND PERFOMANCE		
Competence	Competence Statement	Sub-Competences	
Quality assurance	Participate in programmes that assure the delivery of quality radiography and adherence to radiation protection standards	Participates in quality assurance checks and procedures required of radiography technologist  Implement Standard Operating Procedures that govern quality radiography  Implement radiation protection requirement for a radiography department	

DOMAIN: SKILLS AND PERFOMANCE		
Competence	Competence Statement	Sub-Competences
Managemen t and entrepreneu rship	Effectively take up administrative and management responsibility in the health sector.	Demonstrates awareness and applies administrative, management and finance principles.  Takes up entrepreneurship challenges to complement public health services in the country.

DOMAIN: SKILLS AND PERFOMANCE		
Competence	Competence statement	<b>Sub-Competencies</b>

Research	Participate in basic research and disseminate research	Appreciates the role of research in medical imaging
findings in form of a report.	Explains the general research process	

DOMAIN: SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE		
Competence	Competence statement	Sub-Competences
Radiobiology,	demonstrate	Explains the radiation effect at the molecular
radiation protection	understanding and	and cellular level
and radiation physics	application of radiobiology, radiation protection and radiation physics to the Practice of the Profession	Describes the effect of radiation on human tissue  Applies principles of physics to radiography practice  Applies radiation protection principles to clinical practice  Describes the construction and operation of Imaging units and equipment  Discusses radioactivity, x-ray production and interactions of radiation with matter
		Participates in radiography quality assurance

	programs

Competence	Competence	Sub-Competences
Competence Statement  Professionalism, medico-legal and ethics  apply professionalism, medico-legal and ethical principles in clinical practice	Demonstrates awareness of ethical codes and scope of practice  Is polite, considerate, trustworthy and honest, and act with integrity, maintain confidentiality, respect patients' dignity and privacy and understand the role of informed consent.  Respects all patients, colleagues and others irrespective of age, socio-economic status, political affiliation, race, religion or creed. Must learn and teach others  Appreciates the role of multidisciplinary approach to care  Appreciates the role continuing professional development.	
		Is aware of own personal and professional limits and enlist the help of colleagues and supervisors when necessary.  Communicates clearly, sensitively and effectively with colleagues, patients and their

# 6.0 BLUEPRINT WEIGHTING

Outcome	Subject area	Sub-Subject	Assessment method	
			Theory	
Radiography techniques and rationale to the	Applied Anatomy and physiology (Radiographic anatomy and physiology)		5	
practice of the profession	Radiographic techniques and clinical reasoning		3	
Radiobiology, radiation	Radiobiology			
protection and radiation	Applied Radiation Physics		10	
physics to the Practice of	Radiation Protection			
the Profession	Radiographic equipment		10	
	Plain Film	Axial Skeleton Appendicular Skeleton Abdomen and pelvis	25	
Plain film and Contrast aided studies		Chest Head and Neck		
	Contrast Studies	GIT UGT Hepatobillary	20	
	Pattern recorgnition			
	Obstetrics			
Ultrasound	Gyne		7	
	General Abdomen			
Advanced Imaging	СТ			
techniques	MRI			
·	NMR			
Patient care			5	
Quality Assurance	Equipment		5	
Quanty / 1000/ amoc	Clinical			
Management and Administration	Management		5	
	Entraprenuership			
professionalism, medico- legal and ethical	Ethics			
principles in clinical	Medico-legal		5	
practice	Codes of conduct and scope of Practice			

## SUGGESTED SUBJECT AREAS

## 7.0 CORE PROCEDURES

The following procedures are the minimum standards and a full list could be found in the curriculum

Radiographic Examinations	i. Participates in performing to various imaging examina (Computed Tomography, Ultras Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Ca catheterization Imaging process Paediatric Imaging etc.)	ations ound, ardiac
Radiographic Image Evaluation	Make competent decisions pertatory     to evaluation of medical diagrammages	_
Supervision	i. Supervision of subordinates	
Assessment and Interpretation	requirements in order to determine most appropriate imaging tech for the patient in order to get op diagnostic information.	inical ne the nique otimal
	ii. Critically evaluate radiogrequipment and assess suitabilit intended examinations	

# 8.0 REFERENCES MATERIALS

Kindly refer to the curriculum for full list of books.

	Long, B., Rollins J.S., and Smith, B. (2016) Merrill's Atlas of
	Radiographic Positioning and Procedures, 13th ED. Mosby. ISBN:
	9780323263412
	Whitley. A.S (2015), Clark's Positioning in Radiography, 13th Ed,
Imaging Procedures	CRC Press, ISBN 9781444122350.
	Long, B., Rollins J.S., and Smith, B. (2016) Merrill's Atlas of
	Radiographic Positioning and Procedures, 13th ED. Mosby. ISBN:
	9780323263412
	Ehrlich. R.A &Coakes.D.M (2016), Patient Care in Radiography, 9th
Patient Care & Interpersonal	Ed. Elsevier, ISBN: 9780323353762
effectiveness	Plotnik R. &Kouyoumdjian H. (2013), Introduction to psychology,
	10th Edition
	Chesney D.N and Chesney M.O (2004). Radiographic Photography.
Imaging Processes & Analysis	Blackwell Scientific Publishers. ISBN-049802001
	Bushberg J.T. (2016) The Essential Physics of Medical Imaging. ISBN-063801
Physics of radiology	Bushong.S.C (2013), Radiologic Science for Technologists, Mosby, Inc. ISBN: 978-0-323-08135-1
	Ryan, S., McNicholas, M., and Eustace, S. (2010) Anatomy in
	Diagnostic Imaging, 3rd Ed. ISBN 9780702048326
Human Anatomy and Physiology	Barett KE, Barman SM, Boitano S, Brooks H. (2012). Ganong's
	Review of Medical Physiology 24 <sup>th</sup> Edition. McGraw Hill Medical.
	978-0071780032.
	Robbins, S.L, Angell, M and Kumar, V (2012). Basic Pathology. W.
	B Saunders Company, Philadelphia
Radiographic Pathology	Eisenberg R.L, Johnson N.M. (2015), Comprehensive Radiographic
	Pathology, 6th ed. Mosby. ISBN- 9780323353243
	<i>O</i> , <i>y</i> = 1

Specialized Imaging Techniques	
	Rothmans, J K Epidemiology: An introduction, Oxford University
	Press
	Guffey ME (2007) <i>Essentials of Business Communication</i> 7th ed.
INTERPERSONAL & COMMUNICATION	Australia: South-Western College Publishing.
SKILLS	
	Hybels S, Weaver R (2004) <i>Communicating Effectively</i> . 7th ed. New
	York: McGraw-Hill
	HPCZ (2016) Guidelines for good practice in the Healthcare
	<pre>profession - Maintaining Patient Confidentiality. HPCZ Lusaka</pre>
	HPCZ (2016) Guidelines for good practice in the Healthcare
	profession – Generation and management of patient records. HPCZ
PROFESSIONALISM	Lusaka
T NOT ESSIGNALISIVI	HPCZ (2014) Professional code of ethics and discipline: Fitness to
	<b>Practice</b> . HPCZ Lusaka
	HPCZ (2016) Patients rights and responsibilities. HPCZ Bulletin,
	Lusaka
	Banda S.B. Healthcare Ethics and Professionalism Course.
	https://virtualsityacademy.com/
	Cole A (2002) Personnel and Human Resource Management.
SYSTEM-BASED PRACTICE	London: Book Power.
0.0.2 2.022 110 01102	
	Handy CB (2000) <i>Understanding Organizations</i> . Oxford: Oxford
	University Press.